



# Terrestrial Animal Site Sensitivity Verification Report and Compliance Statement

Proposed residential development on RE281, Paapekuilfontein, Struisbaai.

Prepared for: LORNAY ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTING

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Terrestrial Animal Site Sensitivity Verification Report and Compliance Statement - Proposed residential development of RE281, Paapekuilfontein, Struisbaai.

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# **Declaration of independence**

- We consider ourselves bound to the rules and ethics of the South African Council for Natural Scientific Professions (SACNASP);
- At the time of conducting the study and compiling this report, we did not have any interest, hidden or otherwise, in the proposed development that this study has reference to, except for financial compensation for work done in a professional capacity;
- ❖ Work performed for this study was done objectively. Even if this study results in views and findings that are not favourable to the client/applicant, I will not be affected in any manner by the outcome of any environmental process of which this report may form a part, other than being members of the general public;
- ❖ We declare that no circumstances may compromise my objectivity in performing this specialist investigation. We do not necessarily object to or endorse any proposed developments but aim to present facts, findings and recommendations based on relevant professional experience and scientific data;
- ❖ We do not have any influence over decisions made by the governing authorities;
- We undertake to disclose all material information in my possession that reasonably has or may have the potential of influencing any decision to be taken concerning the application by a competent authority to such a relevant authority and the applicant;
- ❖ We have the necessary qualifications and guidance from professional experts in conducting specialist reports relevant to this application, including knowledge of the applicable Act, regulations and any guidelines that have relevance to the proposed activity;
- This document and all information contained herein is and will remain our intellectual property. This document, in its entirety or any portion thereof, may not be altered in any manner or form for any purpose without the specific and written consent of the specialist investigators.
- All the particulars we furnished in this document are true and correct.

TW.	
	14 October 2025
Signature	Date

# **Executive summary**

A terrestrial faunal site sensitivity verification and compliance statement was undertaken for the proposed residential development on RE281, Paapekuilfontein, Struisbaai, in accordance with the Gazetted Terrestrial Animal Species Protocol (2020), its 2023 amendments, and the DFFE Species Environmental Assessment Guidelines (2022). The assessment combined a desktop review of biodiversity data, evaluation of the DFFE screening tool outputs, and an onsite survey on 2 August 2025.

The DFFE screening tool identified the site as having a medium terrestrial animal sensitivity due to the potential occurrence of two Species of Conservation Concern (SCC): Southern Adder (*Bitis armata*) and Yellow-winged Agile Grasshopper (*Aneuryphymus montanus*). CapeNature additionally highlighted the African Black Oystercatcher (*Haematopus moquini*) as a species of interest due to sensitivity during the breeding season.

Findings indicate that the property is small (~0.760 ha) and largely modified, with four habitat types (Strandveld, Seashore vegetation, Sandy beach & rocky shores, and Seep) all showing signs of disturbance. Field surveys and habitat evaluations concluded that:

- I. Southern Adder Habitat on-site is marginally suitable, with no rock slab refugia or other key microhabitat features; the likelihood of occurrence is low.
- II. Yellow-winged Agile Grasshopper The site lacks montane fynbos habitat and falls well outside the species' ecological and elevational range; likelihood of occurrence is negligible.
- III. African Black Oystercatcher While present in the broader area, the narrow local beach (<3 m outside tidal zone) and poor prey availability render the site unsuitable for breeding.

The verified terrestrial animal sensitivity of the site is therefore Low, with potential impacts on SCC assessed as low to very low. No SCC are expected to be significantly affected by the proposed development.

Precautionary recommendations include restricting construction to designated areas, implementing wildlife protection measures, maintaining seasonal buffers if oystercatcher nests are detected nearby (October–March), and applying strict waste management protocols. These measures will ensure alignment with biodiversity best practice and legal compliance, while minimising residual impacts on local fauna

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#### Introduction

This report is a Site Sensitivity report and Terrestrial Animal Species Compliance Statement dealing with potential impacts on faunal species of the proposed residential development of RE281, Paapekuilfontein, Struisbaai. (Figure 1). The Department of Forestry, Fisheries and the Environment (DFFE) screening report (performed in November 2023) identified the site as having a 'Medium' Animal Species Theme sensitivity (Lornay Environmental Consulting 2023)(Figure 2). A medium sensitivity requires the submission of a Site Sensitivity report and Terrestrial Animal Species Compliance Statement. This Compliance Statement reports on a site visit to the area that will be impacted by the development (the study area), during which the presence or possible presence of the Species of Conservation Concern (SCC) identified by the screening tool was determined. Animal species of concern (n=2) that was identified by the screening tool are listed in Table 1.



Figure 1: The cadastral boundary of the property RE281 investigated during the site visit.

Table 1: Animal species of concern identified by the screening report (Lornay Environmental Consulting 2023).

Sensitivity	Species name	Common name	Orde	r Red List Status
Medium	Bitis armata	Southern Adder	Rept	ile VU
Medium	Aneuryphymus montanus	Yellow winged grasshopper	agile Inver	tebrate VU

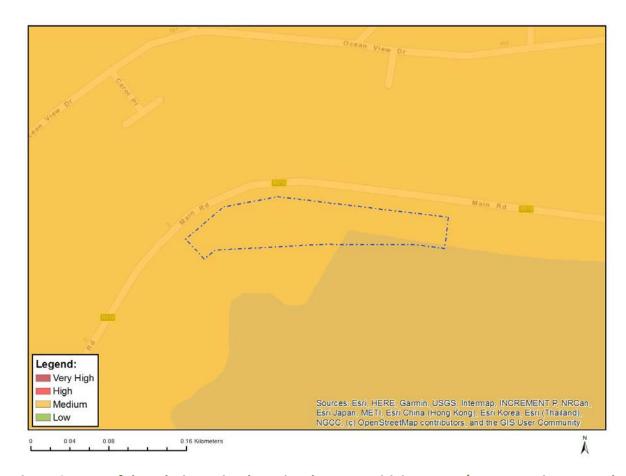


Figure 2: Map of the relative animal species theme sensitivity as per (Lornay Environmental Consulting 2023)

This faunal assessment has been undertaken in accordance with the National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998) (NEMA) and the associated Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations, 2014 (as amended).

In terms of Regulation 16(1)(v) of the EIA Regulations, the National Environmental Screening Tool must be applied to identify environmental sensitivities within the proposed development footprint. Where the screening tool identifies potential sensitivity for terrestrial animal species, specialist input is required in accordance with the gazetted environmental assessment protocols.

For this site, the screening tool flagged potential sensitivity for Terrestrial Animal Species. Consequently, this assessment has been undertaken in compliance with the following legally binding protocols:

 Protocol for the Specialist Assessment and Minimum Report Content Requirements for Environmental Impacts on Terrestrial Animal Species
 Government Notice No. 320, Government Gazette No. 43110, 20 March 2020
 This protocol prescribes the process for site sensitivity verification, the circumstances under which a full specialist assessment is required, and the minimum reporting requirements for a compliance statement where the verified sensitivity is "Low".  National Environmental Management Act (NEMA) – Amendment to the Protocols for the Specialist Assessment and Minimum Report Content Requirements for Environmental Impacts on Animal and Plant Species

Government Notice No. 3562, Government Gazette No. 49028, 28 July 2023

This amendment updates definitions, clarifies the requirements for site sensitivity verification, and confirms that such verification must be based on a combination of desktop analysis, site inspection, and other available sources of information.

• Species Environmental Assessment Guidelines

Department of Forestry, Fisheries and the Environment (DFFE), Version 3.1, September 2022

These guidelines provide supporting best-practice methods for undertaking assessments under the protocols, including appropriate survey methods, reporting standards, and the application of the mitigation hierarchy.

The present assessment therefore constitutes a faunal site sensitivity verification and a terrestrial animal species compliance statement in accordance with the above protocols and guidelines. It confirms the verified site sensitivity, evaluates the likelihood of occurrence of Species of Conservation Concern (SCC), and provides precautionary recommendations to ensure legislative compliance and biodiversity best practice.

# **Study Area**

RE281, Paapekuilfontein (~0.760 ha.), Struisbaai is situated on the coast in the southern section of Struisbaai in the Western Cape Province (E 20°01′52″; S 34°48′49″) (Figure 1). The dominant vegetation type on the property consist of Southwester Strandveld with the rest comprising of Cape Seashore Vegetation (McDonald 2023).

My overall impression during the site visit was that the natural vegetation on the property is in a moderate transformed state. It is separated from the inland habitats by the R319 (Marine Drive).

The proposed new development at RE281 comprises the rezoning of the subdivided area to subdivisional area to create 7 erven and space for an access road (Figure 3).

#### **Methods**

We followed the prescribed protocol for performing a Terrestrial Animal Site Sensitivity Verification Report according to the Government Gazette Notice 320 (Government Gazette 43110, 20 March 2020) and amended in Government Gazette Notice 3717 (Government Gazette 49028, 28 July 2023). We followed the SANBI (2020) species environmental assessment guidelines during the assessment.

This report's findings are based on:

- A desktop study to determine the presence of animal species of concern (as listed in Table 1) and other species at the study area; and
- 1 x Field site visit.

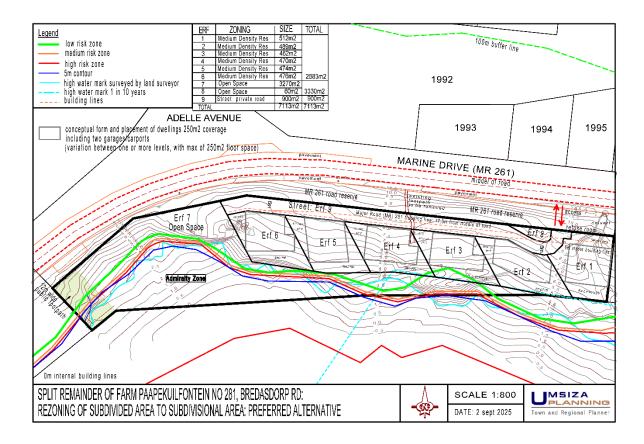


Figure 3: The preferred alternative of the proposed resonation.

The desktop study included the use of iNaturalist and Global Biodiversity Information Framework (GBIF) records as well as reports, field guides and scientific literature. These records were used to determine the species recorded in the area and the presence of potential SCC, with particular emphasis on the SCC listed by the screening tool.

A site visit was performed on the 2<sup>nd</sup> of August 2025, where a diurnal (between 8h00 and 11h00) surveys was performed. 4 Trained observers conducted the field survey. During the site survey, species and signs of presence (sounds, tracks, scats etc), observed were recorded. Surveys consisted of meandering visual, acoustic surveys and point surveys performed in the proposed development site. Access to all the development areas were easy (it is less than 1 ha in size) and we covered the whole property on foot (Figure 4). The main purpose of the site visit was to confirm whether:

- any of the listed SCC were present in the proposed development area;
- whether the habitats at the proposed development site likely supports undetected individuals or populations of the SCC highlighted by the screening tool; and
- there are any SCC present at the site that were not highlighted by the initial screening.

To aid in record-keeping of the site and species observed, photographs were taken during the site visits.



Figure 4: A map indicating the point survey locations.

Table 2: The point survey site coordinates

Survey	Coordinates	
Site		
1	34°48'49"S; 20°01'48"E	
2	34°48'48"S; 20°01'51"E	
3	34°48'48"S; 20°01'52"E	
4	34°48'49"S; 20°01'55"E	
5	34°48'48"S; 20°01'49"E	
6	34°48'47"S; 20°01'51"E	

### Setting the project area of influence (PAOI)

The development property is small (~0.760 ha). The PAOI was set considering main SCC we think are present on or close to the development footprint. This was based on recommended buffers for SCC (SANBI 2020) and WCDS expert knowledge.

#### Conditions, limitations, and assumptions

The findings and recommendations of this report are based on WCDS best scientific and professional knowledge, literature and other data sources. WCDS reserve the right to modify

aspects of the report, including the recommendations and conclusions, if additional relevant information becomes available.

The conditions, e.g. weather and otherwise, during the assessment period could have a significant influence determining whether animal species will be found on site or not. An animal species absence during field assessments does not necessarily mean it is not present at assessment locations. At WCDS we use an evidence-based approach to provide the best possible assessment of species presence and potential impacts.

#### **Results**

#### Field survey conditions

A site visit was performed on the 2<sup>nd</sup> of August 2025, where a diurnal (between 8h00 and 11h00). Conditions were moderately warm with little wind which were ideal for faunal surveys.

#### Project area of influence (PAOI)

The development property is small (~0.760 ha). The PAOI covers all the property as well as a reasonably large proportion outside of the property (Figure 5 and Table 3).



Figure 5: The PAOI was set considering main SCC we think are present on or close to the development footprint.

Table 3: The PAOI was set considering main SCC we think are present on or close to the development footprint.

Species/Group	PAOI Buffer size	Notes
Raptors and Birds general	300 m	Foraging and resting areas
Diurnal insects and herpetofauna	100 m	Foraging and breeding habitat

#### Habitat description.

After screening the development site using Google Earth images and on-site verification, we did intensive searches in the PAOI of the proposed development site. We covered the whole site and adjacent natural areas on foot. Four habitat types were identified e.g. Strandveld, Seashore vegetation, Seep, and Sandy beach & rocky shores (Figure 6). All habitats showed disturbance, mainly from human activities (footpaths etc.) and occasional presence of alien vegetation.

#### Strandveld

The vegetation in this habitat is mainly Southwestern Strandveld, with a small area of Agulhas Limestone Fynbos at the western end (McDonald 2023) (Figure 7).

#### Seashore vegetation

The seashore vegetation occurs at the seashore, usually on beaches but also on waves-swept rocky coastlines (McDonald 2023)(Figure 8). This habitat is present on the fringes of the tidal influenced areas (Figure 6).

#### Sandy beach & rocky shores

This habitat is the zone between the sea and the terrestrial vegetated areas which are influenced by tides (Figure 6, 8 & 9).

#### Seep habitat

A seep habitat transects the Strandveld habitat in the central part of the property. It seems that it is not natural but rather influenced by the main road storm water infrastructure.



Figure 6: The four different habitat types relevant for fauna in the property.

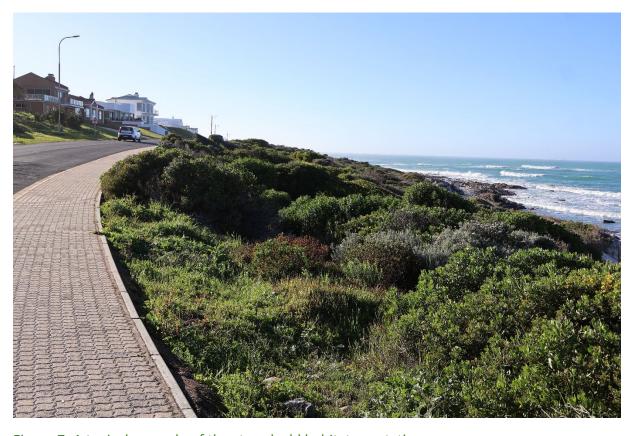


Figure 7: A typical example of the strandveld habitat vegetation



Figure 8: An example of the seashore vegetation visible here at the edge of the sandy beach

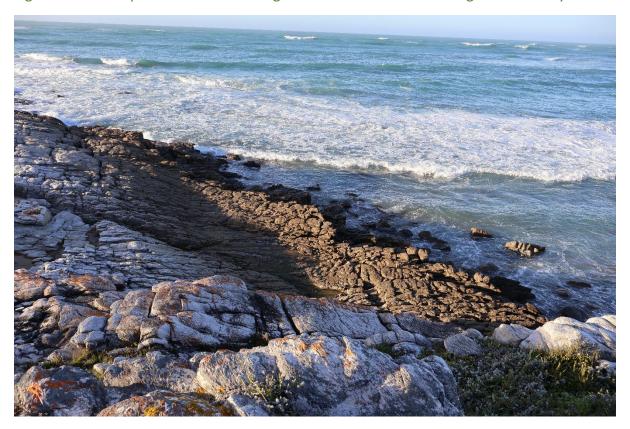


Figure 9: An example of the rocky shore habitat at the site



Figure 10: The seep area that transect the Strandveld habitat type.

Table 4: Animal species and the habitats they were observed in during the field site visit

Common name	Scientific name	Status	Seep	Strandveld	Seashore vegetation	Sandy beach & Rocky Shores
Birds						
Cape Wagtail	Motacilla capensis	LC		X	X	
Cape Weaver	Ploceus capensis	LC		X		
Fork-tailed Drongo	Dicrurus adsimilis	LC		X		
Laughing Dove	Spilopelia senegalensis	LC		X		
Reed Cormorant	Microcarbo africanus	LC				Χ
Kelp Gull	Larus dominicanus	LC				Χ
Rock Kestrel	Falco rupicolus	LC		X		
Cape Bulbul	Pycnonotus capensis	LC		X		
Cape Robin-Chat	Cossypha caffra	LC		X		
Common Starling	Sturnus vulgaris	LC		X		
Cape White-eye	Zosterops virens	LC		X		
Cape Sparrow	Passer melanurus	LC		X		
Zitting Cisticola	Cisticola juncidis	LC		X		
Karoo Prinia	Prinia maculosa	LC	X	Χ		
Cape Cormorant	Phalacrocorax capensis	LC				Χ
Bar-throated Apalis	Apalis thoracica	LC		Χ		

Greater Double-		LC		Χ		
collared Sunbird	Cinnyris afer	1.0				
Ring-necked Dove	Streptopelia capicola	LC		Χ		
White-necked	C	LC		Χ		
Raven	Corvus albicollis	1.0		V		
Common Starling	Sturnus vulgaris	LC		Χ		
Reptiles						
Ocellated Gecko	Pachydactylus geitjie	LC		Χ	X	X
Marbled Leaf-toed		LC		Χ	Χ	
Gecko	Afrogecko porphyreus			^	,	
Amphibians						
Clicking Stream		LC	X			
Frog	Strongylopus grayii		•			
Mammals						
Cape grysbok	Raphicerus melanotis	LC		Χ		
Bushbuck	Tragelaphus sylvaticus	LC		Χ		X
Cape clawless otter	Aonyx capensis	LC				X
Water mongoose	Atilax paludinosus	LC		Χ		
Cape grey		LC		Χ		
mongoose	Galerella pulverulenta			^		
Cape dune molerat	Bathyergus suillus	LC		Χ		
Invertebrates						
Duineslak	Theba pisana	-		Χ		
Barred Eggarlet	Bombycomorpha			Χ	Χ	
	bifascia	-		^	^	
Scarab Beetle	Family Scarabaeidae	-		Χ		
Amber Baboon				Χ		
Spider	Harpactira cafreriana	-		^		
Pill Woodlouse	Family Armadillidae	-				X
Firefly	Family Lampyridae	-			X	

# **Animal species of concern**

A total of two animal species of concern was identified by the screening tool (Lornay Environmental Consulting 2023)(Table 2). One additional species was flagged by Cape Nature e.g. African Oystercatcher (*haematopus moquini*) and specifically sensitivity during the breeding season. The following section deals with the site's potential importance for these species and the probability of them being present in habitats in the development area.

### Southern Adder (Bitis armata)

#### **Conservation Status**

The Southern Adder (*Bitis armata*) is nationally assessed as Vulnerable (VU) B1ab(i,iii,iv,v)(Maritz and Turner 2023). This classification reflects its severely fragmented distribution, small range, and ongoing declines in extent of occurrence (EOO), area of occupancy (AOO), habitat quality, and subpopulation numbers (Maritz and Turner 2023). The species is considered extinct in the Cape Town area due to urban expansion.

- Extent of Occurrence (EOO): 17 770 km<sup>2</sup>
- Area of Occupancy (AOO): 2 140 km²

#### Distribution and Population

This species has a small, patchy distribution on the south-west coastal margin of the Western Cape (Maritz and Turner 2023). It occurs as three disjunct subpopulations:

- 1. Northern from West Coast National Park to approximately 20 km north of Cape Town.
- 2. Southeastern Hermanus to De Hoop Nature Reserve.
- 3. A third historical subpopulation in the Cape Town area is locally extinct. The population is suspected to be in ongoing decline and is severely fragmented.

#### Habitat and Ecology

*B. armata* inhabits coastal lowland Fynbos on sandy and rocky substrates, sometimes climbing into vegetation (Maritz and Turner 2023). It shelters under rock slabs between dense shrubs on coastal plains and is absent from mountainous terrain (Phelps 2010, Maritz and Turner 2023). Altitudinal range extends from sea level up to 300 m a.s.l. (Maritz and Turner 2023). This small-bodied, cryptic viper is an ambush predator, likely preying on small vertebrates such as lizards and amphibians (Maritz and Turner 2023).

#### **Threats**

- Habitat loss and degradation from urbanisation, coastal infrastructure, and agriculture.
- Invasive alien trees, which alter vegetation structure and reduce suitable habitat.
- Off-road vehicle disturbance in coastal habitats.
- **Persecution** due to negative perceptions of snakes.
- **Pet trade**: the species is recorded in the trade, with some evidence of illegal collection. The proportion sourced from wild versus captive-bred populations is unknown.

#### Likelihood of Occurrence RE281

The species' known southeastern subpopulation lies within the broader Struisbaai region. Photographic records confirm its presence in Struisbaai (e.g., image captioned "Bitis armata, Struisbaai, Western Cape province" in (Tolley et al. 2023)). In addition, multiple research grade iNaturalist records exist for the Struisbaai area, providing contemporary, geo-referenced evidence of its occurrence. Suitable habitat, coastal lowland Fynbos on sandy or rocky substrate, occurs in the Struisbaai area, supporting the likelihood of local presence.

However, we consider the local on-site habitat to be only marginally suitable for *Bitis* armata due to the direct influence of sea-spray moisture, localised microclimatic conditions, dense and moist vegetation, and the absence of rock slabs that could provide suitable shelter. Despite intensive surveys, the species was not detected at RE281.

#### Yellow-winged Agile Grasshopper (Aneuryphymus montanus)

#### **Conservation Status**

The Yellow-winged Agile Grasshopper (*Aneuryphymus montanus*) is listed as Vulnerable under the IUCN Red List criteria, reflecting a combination of restricted and fragmented distribution, habitat specialisation, and ongoing environmental pressures (IUCN SSC Grasshopper Specialist Group, 2016). Although its estimated Extent of Occurrence (EOO) is relatively large (~170,000 km²), its Area of Occupancy (AOO) is much smaller due to its highly patchy and montane

distribution pattern (Kinvig 2005). South Africa is home to the only known populations of the species, and it is considered a Southern African endemic.

## Distribution and Population

A. montanus is recorded primarily from Western and Eastern Cape mountain ranges, including sites near Clanwilliam, Graafwater, Lambert's Bay, De Rust, Bot River, Suurbraak, Kogelberg, and Joubertinia (Brown 1960, Kinvig 2005). These records are generally associated with elevated, rocky slopes in montane fynbos habitats.

In a national conservation assessment of grasshoppers, Kinvig (2005) confirmed that *A. montanus* has a strongly disjunct and localised distribution pattern. While its EOO spans a broad area, this is misleading in conservation terms because the species only occurs in specific microhabitat conditions within a narrow elevational and ecological band. Populations are likely to be small, isolated, and vulnerable to local extirpation.

#### Habitat and Ecology

A. montanus is strongly tied to rocky, montane fynbos habitats, particularly on south-facing, cool slopes with dense, sclerophyllous shrub cover and patches of exposed rock. Brown (1960) described the species as occurring "amongst partly burnt stands of evergreen sclerophyll in rocky foothills," suggesting an affinity for early successional fynbos following fire. These areas typically have a mix of open ground for movement and complex vegetation for cover and feeding.

The species is terrestrial and strong jumping, rather than a capable flier, and likely exhibits limited dispersal ability. Kinvig (2005) noted that individuals were not readily collected, even in seemingly suitable areas, indicating that the species may be inherently rare or cryptic. Its dependence on post-fire vegetation dynamics, cooler microclimates, and geological substrates contributes to its vulnerability to habitat alteration.

#### Threats

Key threats to A. montanus include:

- Habitat transformation due to agriculture, urban expansion, and plantation forestry;
- **Alteration of fire regimes**, which can either eliminate necessary early-successional stages or create overly frequent burns that degrade recovery;
- **Invasive alien vegetation**, which alters vegetation structure and reduces habitat quality;
- **Climate change**, which threatens montane fynbos by shifting biome boundaries upward and reducing habitat availability;
- **Fragmentation**, which increases the likelihood of local extinction due to isolation and limits recolonisation potential (Kinvig, 2005).

Because the species does not occur in all available fynbos areas, it is considered a microhabitat specialist, and unsuitable areas may act as barriers to movement even within continuous vegetation zones.

#### Likelihood of Occurrence on ER281

Aneuryphymus montanus was not observed during the field visit. No individuals were observed or collected, and no potential microhabitats resembling its known preferences were identified.

The site is characterised by coastal lowland conditions and lacks the elevation, and cool montane microclimates typically associated with *A. montanus* localities (Kinvig, 2005; Brown, 1960).

While some *A. montanus* records have occurred outside of formally protected areas, all known localities are associated with montane or foothill fynbos in elevated inland terrain. ER281, by contrast, lies within a coastal, non-montane vegetation unit and does not fall within or adjacent to the known distribution of the species.

Based on the absence of detections, lack of suitable microhabitat, and the site's location well outside the typical elevational and ecological range of the species, the likelihood of occurrence of *A. montanus* on RE281 is considered negligible. No further surveys or mitigation are warranted for this species in relation to proposed development.

#### African Black Oystercatcher (Haematopus moquini)

#### **Conservation Status**

The African Black Oystercatcher is endemic to southern Africa. It was previously listed as *Near Threatened* but, due to population increases and range expansion, has been reassessed as Least Concern on the IUCN Red List (Underhill 2014, Brown et al. 2019). The global population in the early 2000s was estimated at ~6,670 individuals, with numbers continuing to increase (Underhill 2014, Brown et al. 2019). The species is legally protected in South Africa and benefits from several targeted conservation measures, including beach vehicle restrictions and predator management (Underhill 2014).

#### Distribution and Population

Breeding distribution extends from Lüderitz in southern Namibia along the South African coastline to at least the Mbashe River, Eastern Cape, with occasional breeding recorded as far east as southern KwaZulu-Natal (Underhill 2014). Non-breeding range extends north to Angola (west coast) and Mozambique (east coast). Juveniles disperse either long distances to nursery areas in Namibia and Angola or remain within ~150 km of their natal site (Underhill 2014). Highest breeding densities are on offshore islands and protected stretches of mainland coastline with minimal disturbance.

#### Habitat, Ecology, and Breeding Biology

The species is strictly coastal, occupying rocky shores, sandy beaches, mixed rocky—sandy shorelines, estuaries, and coastal lagoons. It avoids high-energy rocky shores with narrow intertidal zones and cliffed coasts. Foraging is primarily intertidal, targeting limpets (*Scutellastra cochlear*), the invasive Mediterranean mussel (*Mytilus galloprovincialis*), and other bivalves, gastropods, and crustaceans.

#### **Breeding Season**

Breeding occurs mainly from October to March, peaking in December-January (Parsons

2006). Timing is linked to local tidal and prey availability patterns. The period overlaps with peak coastal recreational activity, creating a high risk of disturbance (Parsons 2006).

#### **Breeding Site Selection**

Nests are placed just above the spring high tide line, often in open sandy areas, gravel patches, or among low vegetation, with clear lines of sight to detect predators (Parsons 2006). On sandy shores, nests are shallow scrapes lined with small shells, pebbles, or drift material. On mixed rocky—sandy shores, nests may be located close to rock outcrops that provide refuge for chicks. Sites are generally within 50 m of suitable intertidal feeding areas, minimising energy costs for adults during chick provisioning (Parsons 2006). On mainland beaches, suitability is strongly influenced by beach width. Breeding pairs generally select sections where the distance from the spring high tide line to the vegetation line or dunes is greater than 20 m, providing elevated sites above the reach of storm surges and sufficient space to reduce human and predator disturbance. Narrower beaches (<20 m) are less likely to be used unless human disturbance is very low (Parsons 2006).

#### **Sensitivity to Disturbance**

The species is highly sensitive to human presence during breeding (Parsons 2006, Underhill 2014):

- Adults flush easily from nests when approached, exposing eggs/chicks to thermal stress or predation.
- Repeated disturbance can cause nest abandonment.
- Chicks rely on camouflage and crouching behaviour; trampling risk is high in busy beach areas.
- Off-road vehicles and uncontrolled dogs are particularly damaging, causing direct mortality and nest destruction.

#### Threats

- **Human disturbance** during breeding from beach recreation, vehicles, and dogs.
- **Predation** by Kelp Gulls (*Larus dominicanus*), Pied Crows (*Corvus albus*), and domestic animals.
- Coastal development reducing undisturbed nesting habitat.
- Storm surges and high tides washing away nests during spring tides.
- Climate change increasing sand temperatures, causing embryo mortality.

#### Likelihood of Occurrence in Struisbaai and at RE281

Struisbaai has extensive sandy and mixed rocky—sandy beaches suitable for breeding and feeding. Regional monitoring and citizen science records confirm regular occurrence. Given the presence of suitable habitat and the proximity to known breeding territories along the southern Cape coast, it is highly likely that *H. moquini* breeds locally. The high level of beach use in the area likely deters breeding along the town stretch of coast.

The stretch of beach at RE281 is ~30 m at is widest with an estimated <3m outside of the tidal zone. The rocky tidal zones are depauperate of suitable prey species for *H. moquini*. The area in the vicinity is therefore not suitable as breeding area for *H. moquini*.

# **Terrestrial animal compliance statement**

The DFFE screening tool identified the study area as having a 'Medium' sensitivity for the animal species theme, due to the potential presence of two species of conservation concern. Based on my desktop assessment and evidence from the site visit the site sensitivity should be considered 'Low' because:

- i. We consider the local on-site habitat to be only marginally suitable for *Bitis armata* due to the direct influence of sea-spray moisture, localised microclimatic conditions, dense and moist vegetation, and the absence of rock slabs that could provide suitable shelter. Despite intensive surveys, the species was not detected at RE281. The likelihood of the species occurring on site is considered to be low. The potential impact is therefore classified as 'Low'.
- ii. Based on the absence of detections, lack of suitable microhabitat, and the site's location well outside the typical elevational and ecological range of the species, the likelihood of occurrence of *A. montanus* on RE281 is considered negligible. No further surveys or mitigation are warranted for this species in relation to proposed development. The proposed development and potential impact are therefore classified as 'Very low'.
- iii. The stretch of beach at RE281 is ~30 m at is widest with an estimated <3m outside of the tidal zone. The rocky tidal zones are depauperate of suitable prey species for *H. moquini*. The area in the vicinity is therefore not suitable as breeding area for H. moquini. and potential impact is therefore classified as **'Very low'**.

#### **General recommendations**

Although the site is assessed as having low terrestrial animal sensitivity and no Species of Conservation Concern are expected to be significantly impacted, the following precautionary measures are recommended to ensure responsible environmental management and compliance with best-practice guidelines:

- i. Construction-phase management: Restrict all construction activities to daylight hours to minimise disturbance to nocturnal fauna. Limit vehicle and machinery movement to designated access routes and work areas to avoid unnecessary habitat disturbance. Store building materials on raised platforms or pallets to prevent their use as refuges by snakes and small mammals. No off-road driving should occur on beaches, dunes, or other sensitive habitats.
- ii. **Wildlife protection**: Enforce a no-harm policy for all wildlife encountered on-site, particularly reptiles. Any necessary relocation must be carried out by a suitably qualified and permitted handler. Prohibit domestic animals (e.g., dogs and cats) from entering the site during construction to reduce predation risk to native fauna. All site personnel should receive a brief induction on local fauna and the importance of species protection.
- iii. **Breeding season sensitivity**: During the African Black Oystercatcher (*Haematopus moquini*) breeding season (October–March), survey the immediate project footprint and adjacent beaches for active nests. If nests are present, mark and maintain a

- minimum 50 m no-go buffer until chicks have fledged, in consultation with CapeNature.
- iv. **Waste management**: Ensure all waste is stored in secure containers and regularly removed from the site to prevent attracting scavengers or predators. Avoid leaving food scraps or other organic waste exposed.

These recommendations align with the mitigation hierarchy under the Gazetted Terrestrial Animal Species Protocol (2020) and the Species Environmental Assessment Guidelines (2022), ensuring that potential risks to fauna are minimised even where baseline sensitivity is low.

#### Conclusion

The faunal assessment for RE281, Struisbaai, indicates that the site is of low terrestrial animal sensitivity in terms of the Gazetted Terrestrial Animal Species Protocol (2020). Field surveys and desktop analyses confirm that no Species of Conservation Concern (SCC) are likely to be significantly impacted by the proposed development, although the surrounding coastal environment supports important habitats for species such as the African Black Oystercatcher (Haematopus moquini) and several mammal and bird species. The development footprint does not overlap with critical breeding or foraging sites, and suitable habitat within the site is limited. Nevertheless, precautionary measures have been recommended to minimise disturbance to local fauna, particularly during sensitive breeding periods. Implementation of these measures, together with ongoing environmental management during construction, will ensure compliance with legislative requirements and alignment with biodiversity best-practice guidelines.

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# **Appendix 1**

CV and SACNASP Certificate of Prof JA Venter



# Curriculum Vitae Jan Adriaan Venter





#### 1. Personal information

Full name:	Jan Adriaan Venter	Home address:	8 Steve Landman Crescent,
Age:	53		Loeriepark, George, 6529, South
Gender:	Male		Africa
Nationality:	South African	E-mail:	NMU: JanVenter@mandela.ac.za
			WildCDS: janventer@wildcds.earth
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Language:	Afrikaans (1st), English (2nd)	Telephone nr:	+27 (0) 44 801 5042
@JanBuffel Conservation@Mandela R <sup>G</sup> Jan Adriaan Venter			Jan Adriaan Venter
Web page: Wildlife Conservation Decision Support Web page: Wildlife Ecology Lab			
Scopus Scopus Google Scholar Google			

#### 2. Tertiary qualifications

Degree	Institution	Research theme or modules	Time period
Doctor of Philosophy:	University of Kwazulu-Natal	Intrinsic and extrinsic influences on	2009 – 2014
Biology		African large herbivore assemblages and	
		implications for their conservation.	
Master of Technology:	Nelson Mandela	The feeding ecology of buffalo (Syncerus	2002-2006
Nature Conservation	Metropolitan University	caffer) on Doornkloof Nature Reserve,	
		Northern Cape, South Africa	
Baccalaureus of Technology:	Technikon Port Elizabeth	Plant studies IV; Research methodology;	1998-1999
Nature Conservation		Fresh water management IV;	
		Conservation management I; Principles	
		of management I; Resource management	
		IV	
National Diploma: Nature	Technikon South Africa	Plant studies I, II and III; Animal studies I,	1993-1996
Conservation		II and III; Conservation Ecology I, II and	
		III; Resource Management I, II and III;	
		Conservation Communication I and II	

#### 3. Work experience

Institution	Institution details	Job description	Time period
Full time positions:		•	•
NELSON MANDELA UNIVERSITY	Department of Conservation Management, Faculty of Science, Nelson Mandela	Associate Professor	1 January 2021 – current date
	University, George Campus, Madiba Drive, George, 6530	Head of Department: Conservation Management	1 January 2021 – 31 December 2023
		Program Coordinator: Nature Conservation and Game Ranch Management	1 June 2017- 31 December 2020
		Senior Lecturer	1 January 2018 – 31 December 2020
		Lecturer	1 June 2015- 31 December 2017
ADVENTURE PROVINCE Eastern Case PARKS & TOURISM AGENCY	Scientific Section, 6 St Marks Street, Southernwood, East London, South Africa, 5201. Tel: 043 7054400	Specialist Ecologist Area of responsibility: Eastern Cape Provincial Protected areas as well as National Marine Protected Areas Responsible for: Research, monitoring and specialist decision support on biodiversity conservation, protected area expansion and wildlife management. Manager of the Marine Scientific Unit (1 x Marine ecologist and 1 x Marine Technician)	1 November 2011 - 31 May 2015
		Ecologist Area of responsibility: Wild Coast (Mkambati, Silaka, Hluleka & Dwesa- Cwebe, East London Coast Nature Reserves; Pondoland, Hluleka & Dwesa- Cwebe Marine Protected Areas) also Baviaanskloof Mega Reserve Responsible for: Facilitating and conducting research, biological monitoring as well as decision support to conservation management	1st March 2006 – 31 October 2011
Waversiti of LIMPOPO	School of Agricultural and Environmental Sciences, University of Limpopo, Private Bag X1106, Sovenga, 0727.	Senior Technician Area of responsibility: Aquaculture Research Unit Responsible for: Technical and research support for the research unit	1 <sup>st</sup> May 2004 – 28 <sup>th</sup> February 2006

Department: Environmental	Doornkloof Nature Reserve, PO Box 94, Colesberg, 9795	Protected Area Manager Area of responsibility: Doornkloof Nature Reserve Responsible for: General, conservation and wildlife management of the nature reserve	1 <sup>st</sup> September 1998 – 28 <sup>th</sup> April 2004
Affairs and Nature Conservation	Namakwa District Office, Private Bag X6, Calvinia, 8190	District Nature Conservation Officer Area of responsibility: Namakwa-Hantam District Responsible for: Law enforcement, environmental education, conservation advice and community liaison	6 <sup>th</sup> January 1997 – 30 <sup>th</sup> August 1998
Part-time/Contract positions:			
University of Pretoria	Centre for Wildlife Management, University of Pretoria, Pretoria, 0002	Technician Area of responsibility: Centre for Wildlife Management Responsible for: Technical and research support for the research unit	19 <sup>th</sup> June 1996 – 31 <sup>st</sup> December 1996
North-West Parks Board	Pilanesberg National Park, PO Box 1201, Mogwase, 0302	Volunteer Area of responsibility: Pilanesberg National Park Responsible for: Assisted field ecologist with data collection and field work	15 <sup>th</sup> May 1996 – 17 <sup>th</sup> June 1996
Cape Nature Conservation	Outeniqua Nature Reserve, Private Bag X6517, George, 6530	Student Nature Conservator Area of responsibility: Outeniqua Nature Reserve Responsible for: Assisted reserve manager with conservation management and field work	15 <sup>th</sup> May 1995 – 6 <sup>th</sup> May 1996

#### 4. Ratings & Impacts

Agency	Rating
South African National Research Foundation	C3 (Rating)
Google Scholar	19 (h-index)
Scopus	15 (h-index)

#### 5. Scientific output

**Peer reviewed Journal Publications** (shading indicates publications by postgraduate students and post-doctoral researchers under my supervision)

- 1) DAVIS, RS., GOPALAWAMY, AM., ELIIOT, NB., VENTER, JA. (2025) Using spatial capture-recapture models to inform lion (*Panthera leo*) management in fenced protected areas. The Journal of Wildlife Management <a href="https://doi.org/10.1002/jwmg.70085">https://doi.org/10.1002/jwmg.70085</a>
- 2) VAN BERGEN, G., COETZEE, A., VENTER, J.A., ROETS, F, SWART, RC. (2025) Small forest patches support greater diversity of dung and carrion beetles compared to large continuous forest in South Africa, during Winter months. African Zoology 60(3) <a href="https://doi.org/10.1080/15627020.2025.2543237">https://doi.org/10.1080/15627020.2025.2543237</a>
- DAVIS, RS, SALOOJEE, K, VENTER, JA. 2025. Using a recently developed camera trapping method to improve monitoring efforts for African small carnivore species. Ecological Solutions and Evidence. 6:e70091. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1002/2688-8319.70091">https://doi.org/10.1002/2688-8319.70091</a>
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- 5) MALULEKE, A., MARNEWICK, K, DRUCE, D, VENTER, JA. (In press) Spotted hyaena (*Crocuta crocuta*) recolonisation:

- Documenting a naturally recolonised spotted hyaena population in Welgevonden Game Reserve. African Journal of Wildlife Research
- 6) DESTERCKE, A., JANSEN VAN VUUREN, A., VENTER, JA., 2025 Dominance at the Dinner Table: Interspecific Competition Between Hyaenas and Jackals at Scavenging Sites. African Journal of Ecology, 63:e70080 <a href="https://doi.org/10.1111/aje.70080">https://doi.org/10.1111/aje.70080</a>
- 7) WARRER, C.H., RIEDNER, D.C., BRIEFER, E.F., VENTER, J.A., DAVIS, R.S. 2025. Identifying areas of high snaring risk in Kruger National Park: A novel citizen science approach for carnivore conservation. Biological Conservation 310: 11353. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.biocon.2025.111353
- 8) DEVARAJAN, K. et al (multiple authors) 2025. When the wild things are: Defining mammalian diel activity and plasticity. Science Advances. 11, eado3843. <a href="https://www.science.org/doi/full/10.1126/sciadv.ado3843">https://www.science.org/doi/full/10.1126/sciadv.ado3843</a>
- 9) OVERTON, E.K., DAVIS, R.S., PRUGNOLLE, F., ROUGERON, V., HONNIBAL, T, SIEVERT, O., VENTER, J.A. 2025 Carrion in Bomas: Multiple Observations of Cheetah(*Acinonyx jubatus*) Scavenging Events and Potential Causes in Managed Populations. Ecology and Evolution. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1002/ece3.70776">https://doi.org/10.1002/ece3.70776</a>
- 10) FORTIN, D., BROOKE, C.F., FRITZ, H. & VENTER, J.A. 2024. The temporal scale of energy maximization explains allometric variations in movement decisions of large herbivores. Ecosphere. 15:e70101. https://doi.org/10.1002/ecs2.70101
- 11) ZELLER ZIGAITIS, W.L, ROBINSON, A.C., VENTER, J.A., SPURIGO, L.T. & HOOG, A., 2024. Protected areas and disparate data: understanding geospatial data synthesis in poaching mitigation, Papers in Applied Geography. https://doi.org/10.1080/23754931.2024.2406470
- 12) BERNARD, A., GUERBOIS, C., MOOLMAN, L., DE MORNEY, M.A., VENTER, J.A., FRITZ, H. 2024. Combining local ecological knowledge with camera traps to assess the link between African mammal life-history traits and their occurrence in anthropogenic landscapes. Journal of Applied Ecology. 2024;00: 1–13. <a href="https://besjournals.onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/full/10.1111/1365-2664.14742">https://besjournals.onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/full/10.1111/1365-2664.14742</a>
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#### **Technical Reports**

- 1) VENTER, J.A. 2025. Terrestrial Animal Site Sensitivity Verification Report and Compliance Statement Proposed residential development of RE281, Paapekuilfontein, Struisbaai. Technical Report prepared for Lornay Environmental Consulting, George, Western Cape, ZA.
- 2) VENTER, J.A., PEEL, M.J.S., MARTINDALE, G., HECHTER, F.S. 2025. Maputo National Park Wildlife Offtakes Operational Plan. Mozambique. Technical Report, Mozambique National Administration of Conservation Areas (ANAC) & Peace Parks Foundation, Maputo, Mozambique.
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#### Presentations at conferences and symposia (International conferences are shaded)

- 1) VENTER, JA, DAVIS, R., RYAN, R., BALL, I., ELLIOT, N., GOPALASWAMY, A., GROOM, R., WATERMEYER, J., TZITZIKA, I. 2025 Landscapes, and Evidence: A Multi-Site Evaluation of Robust Monitoring for African Carnivore Conservation. International Wildlife Congress, 1-4 September 2025, Lillehammer, Norway.
- 2) HONIBALL, T., VALEIX, M., FRITZ, H., SWANEPOEL, L. & <u>VENTER, J.A.</u> 2025. Rather the enemy you know: Territorial behaviour of spotted hyaenas in fenced protected areas. IX European Congress of Mammalogy (ECM 9), 31 March 4 April 2025, Patras, Greece.
- 3) VENTER, J.A., PARDO, L, OSNER, N.R., HUEBNER, S., NICVERT, L., SWANEPOEL, L., PEEL, M., SOMERS, M., KEITH, M., FRITZ, H. 2023 Running a large-scale, long-term camera trap monitoring project for conservation in Africa, the SnapshotSafari experience. 13th International Mammalogical Congress, Anchorage, Alaska, USA
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- 6) VENTER, J.A. & SWARTZ, Y. (2019) Insights into past and present behaviour and impacts of a fast-growing elephant population in Madikwe Game Reserve. 1st North West Provincial Annual Biodiversity Research Symposium, Cookes Lake, Mahikeng, South Africa.
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- 9) VENTER, JA, BROOKE, C., MAREAN, C., FRITZ, H. & HELM, C. 2019. Conceptual reconstruction of large mammal communities on the Palaeo-Aghulas Plain. Annual Meeting & Centennial celebration of the American Society of Mammalogists, Hyatt Regency Washington on Capitol Hill, Washington DC.
- 10) VENTER, JA., VERMEULEN, MM., PACKER, C., SLOTOW, R., DOWNS, D., SOMERS, MJ., PEEL, M., SWANEPOEL, L., MGQATSA, N., FRITZ, H., WILLOWS-MUNRO, S., KEITH, M., PARKER, D., LE ROUX, A. 2018. Snapshot Safari South Africa: Contemporary applications of camera traps to monitor mammal communities in South African protected areas. Joint SANBI Biodiversity Information Management & Foundational Biodiversity Information Programme Forum, Cape St Francis, Eastern Cape, South Africa.
- 11) VENTER, J.A., PRINS, H.H.T., MASHANOVA, A., & SLOTOW, R., 2017. Ungulates rely less on visual cues, but more on adapting movement behaviour, when searching for forage, 12th International Mammalogical Congress, Perth, Western Australia.
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- 13) VENTER, J.A., PRINS, H.H.T., MASHANOVA, A., DE BOER, W.F., & SLOTOW, R., 2014. Intrinsic and extrinsic factors influencing large African herbivore movements. Southern African Wildlife Management Association Symposium: Reconciling the contradictions of wildlife management in southern Africa. Pine Lodge Resort, Port Elizabeth, Eastern Cape, South Africa.
- 14) VENTER, J.A., PRINS, H.H.T., MASHANOVA, A., DE BOER, W.F., & SLOTOW, R., 2014. Intrinsic and extrinsic factors influencing large African herbivore movements. Spatial Ecology & Conservation 2, University of Birmingham, Birmingham,
- 15) VENTER, J.A., PRINS, H.H.T., BALFOUR, D.A., SLOTOW, R. 2013. Reconstructing grazer assemblages for protected area restoration in South Africa. 11th International Mammalogical Congress, Queens University of Belfast, Belfast, Northern-Ireland.
- 16) VENTER, J.A., NABE-NIELSEN, J., PRINS, H.H.T., SLOTOW, R. 2012. Fire-patch foraging by red hartebeest and zebra in nutrient limited grassland under variable predation risk. Southern African Wildlife Management Association Symposium: Responsible Biodiversity Research and Wildlife Management, Klein Kariba, Limpopo Province, South Africa.
- 17) VENTER, J.A., FOUCHE, P. & VLOK, W. 2010. The development of a conservation framework for threatened southern African fish. 24th International Congress for Conservation Biology, Edmonton, Canada.
- 18) HAMER, M., SLOTOW, R. & VENTER, J.A. 2008. Patterns of invertebrate species richness and endemism in a protected area on the Pondoland Coast, South Africa. Southern African Wildlife Management Association Symposium: Wildlife Management – Biodiversity Conservation: The science-management interface. Impekweni Resort, Port Alfred, Eastern Cape, South Africa.
- 19) VENTER, J.A., 2005. The feeding ecology of Cape buffalo on Doornkloof Nature Reserve, Northern Cape Province. Southern African Wildlife Management Association Symposium: Wildlife Management - A conservation or economic Incentive, Magoebaskloof, Limpopo Province South Africa.
- 20) VENTER, J.A., HARLEY, V. & MALATJI, M.B. 2004. Game counts on Northern Cape Provincial Nature Reserves: Recommendations for future management. Southern African Wildlife Management Association Symposium: Innovations in Managing Wildlife Resources. Kathu, Northern Cape, South Africa.
- 21) VENTER, J.A., 2001. The Karoo habitat of the Blue Crane (Anthropoides paradiseus). The 13th South African Crane Working Group Workshop and the Southern African Strategy Meeting, South African Crane Working Group. Howick, Kwazulu-Natal, South Africa.

#### Poster presentations (International conferences are shaded)

1)

- VENTER, J.A. 2011. The value of science to improve conservation management effectiveness in marine protected areas. World Marine Biodiversity Conference 2011, Aberdeen, Scotland. (Digital object presentation)
- VENTER, J.A., FOUCHE, P. & VLOK, W. 2010. The current distribution of Opsaridium peringuyei in South Africa: Is there reason for concern? 8th Annual Science Networking Meeting, Kruger National Park, Skukuza, Mpumalanga, South Africa.
- VENTER, J.A., MOYO, N., VLOK, W., FOUCHE, P. & GROBLER, J.P. 2005. The ecology and distribution of the Southern Barred Minnow (Opsaridium perinqueyi) in some southern African river systems. Southern African Wildlife Management Association Symposium: Wildlife Management - A conservation or economic Incentive, Magoebaskloof, Limpopo, South Africa.

#### **Grant funding**

National Research Foundation Bill Branch Memorial Grant

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**Ernest and Ethel Eriksen Trust** 

Copenhagen Zoo Shangani Ranch Amarula Elephant Fund

The Elephant Managers Association The Palaeontological Scientific Trust

**Fynbos Trust Grootbos Foundation** Fairfield Fund

Dormehl Cunningham Scholarship Funding

Cape Leopard Trust

**Review of journal manuscripts** 

Society for Conservation Biology **National Geographic Society** 

Forestry CETA **Rufford Foundation Templeton Foundation** Waitt Grants Program

US National Science Foundation

South African Water Research Commission Harry and Anette Swartz Foundation

Lion Recovery Fund Tswalu Foundation Madikwe Wildlife Trust

# Panthera

African Journal of Wildlife Research, African Journal of Marine Research, African Zoology, African Ecology, International Journal of Marine Science, Environmental Monitoring and Assessment, Ecological Applications, Acta Theriologica, Ecological Research, International Journal of Biodiversity and Conservation, PeerJ, Ecological Informatics, Mammal Research, Urban Forestry & Urban

Greening, Journal of Arid Environments, Biodiversity and Conservation, Journal of Ornithology, Transportation Research Part D: Transport and Environment, Remote Sensing in Ecology and Conservation, Mammalia, Ecological Monographs, Kudu, Global **Ecology and Conservation** Research reviews or supervisory panels National Research NRF Researcher Rating Review 2020 (Reviewer) Foundation National Research Postdoctoral, Travel, General and International Research 2020 (Review Panel) Foundation Grants Virtual Peer Review Panel National Research Postgraduate Bursaries/ Travel Grants Virtual Peer Review 2019 (Review Panel) Foundation Panel 2019 (Reviewer) National Research Physiological plasticity of water-dependent antelope Foundation National Research Mechanisms of resource selection and space use in a 2018 (Reviewer) Foundation recovering rare antelope population WRC Project K5/2337 - Assessing the effect of global climate Water Research Commission 2014-2017 (supervisory change on indigenous and alien fish in the Cape Floristic panel) Region WRC Project K5/2039 - To understand the unintended spread Water Research Commission 2012-2014 (supervisory and impact of alien and invasive fish species in order to panel) develop mitigation and prevention guidelines. Water Research Commission WRC Project K5/2187 - The resilience of South Africa's 2012-2014 (supervisory estuaries to future water resource development based on a panel) provisional ecological classification of these systems. Water Research Commission 2013-2016 (supervisory WRC Project K5/2261 - Evaluating fish and macro-invertebrate recovery rates in the Rondegat river, Western Cape, after river panel) rehabilitation by alien fish removal using rotenone. Student supervision BSc Hon/BTech 1) M. Mbiko Honours degree The study of dietary niche separation for Completed (2014) (Zoology), Walter Sisulu ungulates in Mkambati Nature Reserve, University, Cousing the stable carbon isotopes supervisor 2) E. Jones BTech (Nature Amphibians and Vegetation as indicators of Completed (2016) Conservation), NMU, Conservation Value of Wetlands in an Cum Laude Supervisor Anthropogenically Impacted Landscape Variables affecting mammal species rate of Completed (2016) K. Green BTech (Nature Conservation), NMU, capture as evaluated by camera traps on Supervisor Tswalu Kalahari Reserve B White Completed (2016) BTech (Nature Water Bird Counts Along the Klein Brak Conservation), NMU, River: A Study on the Precision of Citizen Supervisor **Science Counts** Herpetological biodiversity in areas P Rossouw Completed (2016) BTech (Nature Conservation), NMU, adjacent to the Wilderness section of the Supervisor Garden Route National Park S. Schimmel BTech (Nature Mammal diversity and density in Completed (2016) Conservation), NMU, transformed and natural landscapes of a Supervisor conservation corridor adjacent to the Garden Route National Park, Western Cape S. Atkinson BTech (Nature The precision of waterfowl numbers Completed (2016) Conservation), NMU, through Co-ordinated Waterbird Counts on Supervisor the Great Brak Estuary 8) A. Robinson BTech (Nature Does distance from water influence Completed (2017) Conservation), NMU, herbivore assemblages in Kruger National Supervisor D. van Aswegen BTech (Nature The effect of forest fragmentation on Completed (2017) Conservation), NMU, forest bird diversity and movement in a Supervisor plantation dominated landscape

10) KL Midlane	BTech (Nature Conservation), NMU, Supervisor	Amphibian and reptile biodiversity patterns in commercial plantations of the Southern Cape	Completed (2017)
11) M. Gouws	BTech (Nature Conservation), NMU, Supervisor	Do different herbivores influence soil nitrogen levels in Satara, Kruger National Park?	Completed (2017)
12) O. Rynders	BTech (Nature Conservation), NMU, Supervisor	Forest fragmentation and its effects on invertebrate diversity and abundance	Completed (2017) Cum Laude
13) Z. Schoeman	BTech (Nature Conservation), NMU, Supervisor	The effect of anthropogenic disturbance on marine shorebird population size and habitat use in the Garden Route	Completed (2017)
14) D. de Villiers	BTech (Nature Conservation), NMU, Supervisor	The herpetological diversity in the Karoo National Park in South Africa	Completed (2018)
15) C. Esmeraldo	BTech (Nature Conservation), NMU, Supervisor	The influence of vegetation and water on ungulate distribution in the Karoo National Park	Completed (2018)
16) A. Laas	BTech (Nature Conservation), NMU, Supervisor	The activity patterns of herbivores exposed to predators in the Karoo National Park, South Africa	Completed (2018)
17) J. Dicker	BTech (Nature Conservation), NMU, Supervisor	The activity patterns of species exposed to large predators in the Mountain Zebra National Park	Completed (2018)
18) S. Truter	BSc Hons (Wildlife Management), UP, Co- Supervisor	Effects of medium to large carnivores on small carnivores in space and time in the Telperion Nature Reserve	Completed (2018)
19) N. Nkosi	BTech (Nature Conservation), NMU, Supervisor	Ungulates response to old agricultural fields in Gondwana Game reserve	Completed (2019)
20) I. Bettings	BTech (Nature Conservation), NMU, Supervisor	Habitat variations influencing the frequency of bird strikes in high air traffic areas within the George Airport	Completed (2019)
21) D. Ball	BTech (Nature Conservation), NMU, Supervisor	Large tree utilisation of the African Elephant ( <i>Loxodonta africana</i> ) in the Savanna biome	Completed (2019)
22) G. Reynolds	BTech (Nature Conservation), NMU, Supervisor	Assessing impacts of African elephant (Loxodonta africana) on the vegetation of Gondwana Private Game Reserve	Completed (2019)
23) K. Smith	BSc Hons (Wildlife Management), UP, Co- Supervisor	Testing the spatial and temporal avoidance hypothesis in a semi-arid landscape: Do subordinate carnivores of the Karoo change behaviour in response to dominant predators?	Completed (2019) Cum Laude
24) G. Sambula	BSc Hons (Zoology), UNIVEN, Co-Supervisor	Carnivore Richness In Private And State Protected Areas	Completed (2019)
25) T. Baird	BSc Hons (Wildlife Management), UP, Co- Supervisor	Spatial and temporal avoidance between large and meso-carnivores	Completed (2020)
26) A. Gervais	BSc Hons (Wildlife Management), UP, Co- Supervisor	Investigating the impact of large carnivores on mesocarnivores' temporal dynamics	Completed (2020)
27) Miss E.E.M. Evers	BSc Hons (Wildlife Management), UP, Co- Supervisor	Spatial and temporal organization of leopards ( <i>Panthera pardus</i> ) and spotted hyaena ( <i>Crocuta crocuta</i> ) on Madikwe Game Reserve	Completed (2020)
28) Mr R. Pienaar	BSc Hons (Animal, Plant & Environmental	Do lions with long, dark manes behaviourally compensate for potentially	Completed (2020)

		Science), WITS, Co- Supervisor	high heat loads?	
29)	Mr I Kayiza	BSc Hons (Wildlife Management), UP, Co- Supervisor	Edge effect and its impacts on the abundance of mammal species in selected protected areas in South Africa	Completed (2020)
30)	Mr N.K. Shah	BSc Hons (Wildlife Management), UP, Co- Supervisor	Do herbivores change their behaviour in the absence of lions in arid areas of SA?	Completed (2021) Cum Laude
31)	Miss M. Thomson	BSc Hons (Wildlife Management), UP, Co- Supervisor	Herbivore space use in Atherstone Nature Reserve, Limpopo Province, South Africa.	Completed (2021) Cum Laude
32)	Miss T. Tiribeni	BSc Hons (Wildlife Management), UP, Co- Supervisor	The effect of lion pride structure on home ranges	Completed (2022)
33)	Miss K. Mieny	BSc Hons (Wildlife Management), UP, Co- Supervisor	A Preliminary Assessment of the Seasonal Difference and Influence of Megaherbivores on the Diets of Large Herbivores in Sanbona Wildlife Reserve	Completed (2022)
34)	Mr A. van Niekerk	BSc Hons (Wildlife Management), UP, Co- Supervisor	Leopard tortoise occupancy in arid reserves in South Africa: assessment using camera traps.	Completed (2022)
35)	Miss H. Basson	BSc Hons (Natural Resource Management), NMU, Co-supervisor	Factors influencing Chondrichthyan egg case hatching success in Mossel Bay, South Africa	Completed (2023) Cum Laude
36)	Miss Y. Markides	BSc Hons (Natural Resource Management), NMU, Supervisor	The Development of a Condition Scoring System for White Rhinoceros (Ceratotherium simum), using expert knowledge	Completed (2023)
37)	Mrs Rebecka Ryan	BSc Hons (Natural Resource Management), NMU, Supervisor	Opportunistic utilisation of resource pulses by a mesopredator in Welgevonden Game Reserve, South Africa	Completed (2023) Cum Laude
38)	Mr D Stols	BSc Hons (Natural Resource Management), NMU, Co-supervisor	Elephants reduce vegetation diversity and affect tree structure in Madikwe Game Reserve	Completed (2023) Cum Laude
39)	Mr T. Fifford	BSc Hons (Natural Resource Management), NMU, Supervisor	An assessment of a decade of surf-zone linefish monitoring in the Goukamma Marine Protected Area: Is the current resource use zonation effective?	Completed (2023) Cum Laude
40)	Mr D.J.S. Samarasinghe	BSc Hons (Natural Resource Management), NMU, Supervisor	On the population ecology of an island leopard from a protected landscape	Completed (2023)
41)	Miss S Rich	BSc Hons (Wildlife Management), UP, Co- Supervisor	The effect of vehicles on black-backed jackal ( <i>Lupulella mesomelas</i> ) and leopard ( <i>Panthera pardus</i> ) activity	Completed (2023)
42)	Miss M. Venter	BSc Hons (Wildlife Management), UP, Co- Supervisor	Drivers of free-roaming African wild dog land use in the Waterberg, South Africa	Completed (2023)
43)	Miss C Meyer	BSc Hons (Wildlife Management), UP, Co- Supervisor	Assessing the Indirect Effect of Elephants on Bird & Bat Assemblages	Completed (2024)
44)	Mr K. Saloojee	BSc Hons (Natural Resource Management), NMU, Co-Supervisor	Testing a Novel Camera Trapping Method to Survey African Small Carnivore Populations	Completed (2024)

45)	Miss J Morris	BSc Hons (Natural	Balancing Fear and Forage: How zebra	In-progress (2025)
43)	INII22 1 INIOI112	Resource	Equus quagga navigate risk and resources	in-progress (2025)
		Management), NMU,	in the Makgadikgadi Pans, Botswana	
		Supervisor	in the Mangaan gaar rans, Botswana	
46)	Miss D Ferreira	BSc Hons (Natural	Golden Moles of the Southern Cape:	In-progress (2025)
		Resource	Insights into Their Distribution and Habitat	
		Management), NMU,	Selection	
		Supervisor		
47)	Miss H Loubser	BSc Hons (Natural	Environmental factors that influence lion	In-progress (2025)
		Resource	pride spatial use in Kruger National Park	
		Management), NMU,		
40\		Supervisor		(2025)
48)	Miss A Watson	BSc Hons (Natural	Assessing the impacts of Environmental	In-progress (2025)
		Resource Management), NMU,	and Anthropogenic Factors on Elephant Spatial Distribution in a Fenced Reserve	
		Supervisor	Spatial Distribution in a Periceu Reserve	
Mas	sters	Supervisor		
1)	Mr E. Mmonoa	MSc (Zoology),	Breeding habitat of Blue crane	Completed (2010)
-,		University of Limpopo,	(Anthropoides paradiseus) in Mpumalanga	(2020)
		Co-supervisor		
2)	Miss M. Pfeiffer	Msc (Zoology),	Understanding the association between	Upgraded to PhD (2013)
		University of Kwazulu-	Cape Vultures (Gyps coprotheres) and	
		Natal, Co-supervisor	communal farmland.	
3)	Mrs M.	MSc (Nature	Exploring feeding ecology and population	Completed (2016-2017)
	Vermeulen	Conservation), NMU,	growth rate responses of ungulates in	
		Co-supervisor	southern African arid biomes	
4)	Mr C. Brooke	MSc (Nature	Energy maximisation strategies of different	Completed (2016-2017)
		Conservation), NMU,	African herbivores in a fire dominated and	Cum Laude
г١	Miss F. Martens	Supervisor	nutrient poor grassland ecosystem	Completed (2016, 2017)
5)	iviiss F. Martens	MSc (Nature Conservation), NMU,	The spatial ecology and roost site selection of fledging Cape Vultures ( <i>Gyps</i>	Completed (2016-2017) Cum Laude
		Supervisor	coprotheres) in the Eastern Cape, South	Culli Luude
		Supervisor	Africa.	
6)	Mrs T. Meintjes	MSc (Nature	Using citizen science data to evaluate	Deregistered (2016-2020)
- /	<b>,</b>	Conservation – Part	waterbird populations in the Garden Route	Not completed
		time), NMU, Supervisor		·
7)	Miss D.	MSc (Nature	Land use and ecosystem regulation:	Completed (2017-2018)
	Winterton	Conservation), NMU,	Exploring the influence of management	
		Supervisor	practise on mesopredator and herbivore	
			interactions	
8)	Mr J. Vogel	MSc (Nature	Predicting reintroduction outcomes:	Completed (2017-2018)
		Conservation), NMU,	Assessing the feasibility of reintroducing	Cum Laude
9)	Miss C. Young	Supervisor MSc (Nature	African wild dog to a small protected area.  Examining the influence of extrinsic factors	Completed (2017-2018)
9)	iviiss C. Tourig	Conservation), NMU,	on herbivore assemblage composition and	Completed (2017-2018)
		Supervisor	resultant nutrient feedbacks in Kruger	
		Supervisor	National Park	
10)	Miss A.	MSc (Nature	The influence of water dependency on the	Deregistered (2018-2022)
,	Robinson	Conservation), NMU,	spatial ecology of large mammalian	Not completed
		Supervisor	herbivores on the paleo-Agulhus plain	·
11)	Miss Z.	MSc (Nature	The spatiotemporal aspects of predation	Completed (2018-2019)
	Schoeman	Conservation), NMU,	on the Cape gannet Morus capensis	
		Supervisor	population at Bird Island, Lambert's Bay,	
			Western Cape, South Africa	
12)	Mr P. Faure	MSc (Nature	The influence of anthropogenic and	Completed (2018-2019)
		Conservation), NMU,	environmental covariates on the habitat	
1		Supervisor	use and density of sympatric carnivores,	
		I	Limpopo Province, South Africa	

13)	Miss YRP. Swartz	MSc (Nature	Elephants in Madikwe Game Reserve:	Deregistered (2018-2021)
,		Conservation), NMU,	Measuring past and future impacts	Not completed
		Supervisor		
14)	Miss C. Burt	MSc (Nature	An assessment of different methods for	Completed (2018-2020)
		Conservation), NMU,	measuring mammal diversity in two	
		Supervisor	Southern African arid ecosystems	
15)	Miss A. Jansen-	MSc (Nature	The feeding ecology and habitat selection	Completed (2019-2020)
	van Vuuren	Conservation), NMU,	of small antelopes in the Overberg	
		Supervisor	Renosterveld, Western Cape	
16)	Mr H.	MSc (Nature	The implications of landscape scale habitat	Completed (2019-2020)
	Swanepoel	Conservation), NMU,	fragmentation and ecological corridors on	
		Supervisor	the spatial ecology of five specialist	
			browser species in a lowland Fynbos and	
			Renosterveld ecosystem.	
17)	Miss T. Honiball	MSc (Nature	Estimating the population size of three	Completed (2019-2020)
		Conservation), NMU,	large carnivore species and the diet of six	
		Supervisor	large carnivore species, in Madikwe Game	
			Reserve	
18)	Miss N. Tsie	MSc (Wildlife	The interaction between burrowing	Deregistered, Not completed
		Management), UP, Co-	mammal occurrence and large carnivore	(2019-2022)
		supervisor	presence in South Africa	
19)	Mrs C. Shutte	MSc (Nature	Understanding what factors determine the	Deregistered, Not completed
		Conservation), NMU,	birth-sex ratio of Chacma baboons ( <i>Papio</i>	(2020-2023)
		Supervisor	ursinus) on the Cape Peninsula	
20)	Miss I. Bettings	MSc (Nature	Using spatial explicit capture-recapture	Completed (2020-2021)
		Conservation), NMU,	model to investigate the demography and	
		Supervisor	spatial dynamics of lion prides in	
24)	<b>NA 14 L C 11</b>	AAC (AACH HIS	Pilanesberg National Park	0 1 1 1 (2020 2022)
21)	Mr Kyle Smith	MSc (Wildlife	Testing the spatial and temporal avoidance	Completed (2020-2022)
		Management), UP, Co-	hypotheses: Do subordinate carnivores	
		supervisor	change behaviour in response to dominant carnivores?	
221	Mr D. Ball	MSc (Nature	Do African elephants ( <i>Loxodonta africana</i> )	Deregistered (2020-2021)
22)	IVII D. Ball	•	use artificial water points as central forage	1
		Conservation), NMU, Supervisor	stations in the Madikwe Game Reserve?	Not completed
221	Miss J. Daya	MSc (Nature	Feeding ecology and habitat preference of	Completed (2020-2021)
23)	IVIISS J. Daya	Conservation), NMU,	black rhino ( <i>Diceros bicornis</i> ) in	Completed (2020-2021)
		Supervisor	Welgevonden Game Reserve, Limpopo	
		Supervisor	Province.	
241	Mr TD Baird	MSc (Wildlife	Implications of camera trap survey design	Completed (2021)
<b>∠</b> -+1	ID Dalla	Management), UP, Co-	and analytical methods for large carnivore	
		supervisor	estimates	
251	Miss J. Harris	MSc (Nature	Investigating the effects of pulse-driven	Completed (2021-2022)
)		Conservation), NMU,	resource availability on mammal	2311p10000 (2021 2022)
		Supervisor	communities in the Kalahari, South Africa	
261	Mr Markus	MSc (Conservation and	Does the response to hot temperatures	Completed (2022-2023)
-0)	Woesner	Management of Fish	differ among species in a large herbivore	2311p10000 (2022 2023)
		and Wildlife), Swedish	community in the southern Kalahari?	
		University of	A landscape of risk versus heat	
		Agricultural Science,		
		Co-supervisor		
27)	Mr Samuel	MSc (Nature	Estimation of a generalist meso-carnivore	Completed (2022-2023)
1	Ralph Davidson-	Conservation), NMU,	(Black-backed Jackal) population from a	Cum Laude
	Phillips	Supervisor	fenced protected area	
28)	Mr Moraswi	Magister Science	The Activity Patterns of the Specialized	In progress (2022)
,	Masehle	Wildlife Health, Ecology	Browsing Species and their Behavioral	p. 58. 555 (2522)
		and Management,	Adjustments in Response to Predation	
				1

		Co-supervisor		
29)	Mr Jaco Geldenhuys	Master of Scientiae (MSc) in Environmental Management, University of Pretoria, Co-supervisor	Occupancy of black-backed jackal ( <i>Canis mesomelas</i> Schreber, 1775) across South Africa	In progress (2021-2022)
30)	Miss Cleo Ferreira	MSc (Nature Conservation), NMU, Supervisor	Evaluating the impact of dehorning on the behavioural ecology of white rhinoceros (Ceratotherium simum)	In progress (2023-2024)
31)	Mrs Rebecca Ryan-Stolz	MSc (Nature Conservation), NMU, Supervisor	Estimating population density and assessing territoriality of African lions (Panthera leo) in Kruger National Park, South Africa	In progress (2024-2025)
32)	Miss Yasmin Markides	MSc (Nature Conservation), NMU, Supervisor	Assessing landscape permeability and dispersal corridors for threatened carnivores across a multi-use landscape	In progress (2024-2025)
33)	Miss Hannah Basson	MSc (Nature Conservation), NMU, Supervisor	A landscape-level evaluation of black- footed cat ( <i>Felis nigripes</i> ) distribution in the south-eastern Karoo	In progress (2024-2025)
34)	Mr Dietre Stolz	MSc (Nature Conservation), NMU, Co-Supervisor	Giants of the Savannah: Unravelling the Impact of Elephant Preferences on Woody Vegetation in Madikwe and Timbavati Game Reserves.	In progress (2024-2025)
35)	Miss M Venter	MSc (Wildlife Management), UP, Co- supervisor	Diet and movement patterns of two free- roaming packs of African wild dogs (Lycaon pictus) in the Waterberg, South Africa	In progress (2024-2025)
36)	Miss R Mooney	MSc (Nature Conservation), NMU, Supervisor	Ranging behaviors of endangered, free- roaming African wild dogs (Lycaon pictus) outside of formally protected areas in the Waterberg, South Africa	In progress (2024-2025)
37)	Miss Carina Meyer	MSc (Nature Conservation), NMU, Supervisor	The influence of complex social structures with fission-fusion properties on foraging efficiency and spatial dynamics of buffalo herds in the APNR	In progress (2025-2026)
Doc	toral			
1)	Miss M. Pfeiffer	PhD (Zoology), University of Kwazulu- Natal, Co-supervisor	Ecology and conservation of the Cape Vulture in the Eastern Cape, South Africa	Completed 2016
2)	Mr W. Matthee	PhD (Nature Conservation – Part time), NMU, Supervisor	Forest birds and habitat fragmentation: evolutionary adaptations to environmental change	Deregistered, Not completed (2016-2022)
3)	Mrs MM. Vermeulen	PhD (Nature Conservation), NMU, Supervisor	Variation in abundance and structure of mammal communities and the consequences for species diversity	In progress (2018-2022)
4)	Mrs FR. Brooke	PhD (Nature Conservation), NMU, Supervisor	Cape Vultures and their increasing threats: a race to extinction?	Completed (2018-2021)
5)	Mr CF. Brooke	PhD (Nature Conservation), NMU, Supervisor	Large mammalian fauna of the Palaeo- Agulhas Plain: Predicting habitat use and range distribution	Completed (2018-2020)
6)	Mr P. Mkumba	PhD (Nature Conservation), NMU, Co-Supervisor	Migration patterns of male elephants (Loxodonta africana) in the Hwange-Shangani corridor: Consequences on Human Elephant Conflict	In progress (2019-2022)
7)	Mr W. Conradie	PhD (Nature Conservation), NMU, Supervisor	Herpetofaunal diversity and affiliations of the Okavango River Basin, with specific focus on the Angolan headwaters.	Completed (2020-2023)
8)	Miss A. Bernard	PhD (Zoology) REHABS	Trophic guild distortion in anthropogenic	Completed (2020-2022)

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		International Research	landscapes – Testing anthropodependence and reconciliation ecology principles of	
		Laboratory, CNRS-		
		Université Lyon 1- Nelson Mandela	mammals in the Greater Cape Floristic	
		University, Co-	Kingdom.	
		,,		
0)	NA: CC Datle	Supervisor	The effects of forces and others	Culturalities of (2020, 2025)
9)	Mr GS. Botha	PhD (Nature	The effects of fences and other	Submitted (2020-2025)
		Conservation), NMU,	infrastructure on the mammal community	
		Supervisor	structure and distribution in protected	
			areas across South Africa.	
10)	Dr C. Helm	PhD (Geoscience),	Pleistocene fossil tracks and traces on the	Completed (2020-2023)
		NMU, Co-supervisor	Cape coast of South Africa	
11)	Mrs Z. Strydom	PhD (Nature	Assessing the effects of fish stock	Completed (2020-2023)
		Conservation), NMU,	management on endangered seabird	
		Supervisor	populations in South Africa	
12)	Mrs W.L. Zeller	PhD (Geography),	Protected Area Process and Design: Using	Completed (2020-2024)
	Zigaitis	Pennsylvania State	Geospatial Data to Mitigate Poaching in	
		University, Co-	Protected Areas	
		supervisor		
13)	Miss T. Honiball	PhD (Nature	Social dynamics of spotted hyaenas	Completed (2021-2024)
		Conservation), NMU,	(Crocuta crocuta) in fenced protected	
		Supervisor	areas: Implications for conservation	
			management of a socially intelligent	
			species.	
14)	Miss A. Jansen	PhD (Nature	The role of spotted and brown hyaena	In progress (2021-2024)
	van Vuuren	Conservation), NMU,	activity hotspots on interspecific	
		Supervisor	interactions	
15)	Mr H.	PhD (Nature	The effects of climate on the phenology of	In progress (2022-2024)
	Swanepoel	Conservation), NMU,	African ungulates in arid and semi-arid	
	•	Supervisor	regions of South Africa.	
16)	Miss J Daya	PhD (Nature	Managing Lions in Pilanesberg National	In progress (2023-2025)
		Conservation), NMU,	Park: Finding a Balance between Economic	
		Supervisor	and Ecological Realities in Fenced Parks	
17)	Miss J Harris	PhD (Nature	A Game of Thrones: Rivals, territories and	Deregistered (2023-2023)
		Conservation), NMU,	resources. What are the intrinsic costs to	Not completed.
		Supervisor	African lions contained in small, fenced	
			parks?	
18)	Mr S Tokota	PhD (Nature	A regional assessment of leopard (Panthera	In progress (2023-2025)
		Conservation), NMU,	pardus) population status, threats,	
		Supervisor	distribution, and habitat connectivity in the	
		,	Eastern Cape, South Africa	
19)	Miss E Overton	PhD (Nature	The ecological role of cheetah (Acinonyx	In progress (2023-2026)
		Conservation), NMU,	jubatus) and their impact on prey	,
		Supervisor	populations on Tswalu Kalahari Reserve	
20)	Miss M	PhD Biodiversity (U. of	Enhancing Coexistence: Understanding	In progress (2024-2026)
	Rodriguez	Barcelona), Supervisor	Large Carnivore Mobility in Different	
	J	,,	Wildlife-Based Land Use Patterns in South	
			Africa	
Post	t-Doctoral Research	ners & Research fellows		
1)	Dr L. Pardo-Vargas		h Africa – A country wide assessment of	FBIP-NRF Post-Doctoral
′	0	mammal biodiversity		Researcher (2019-2020)
		2	•	NRF Innovation Postdoctoral
				Fellowship (2021-2022)
2)	Dr C. Guerbois	Social-Ecological Sys	tems	NMU Research Fellow (2019-
		Josiai Ecologicai Jys	<del></del>	2023)
3)	Dr D. Marneweck	Snanshot Safari Sout	h Africa – A country wide assessment of	NMU Post-Doctoral Research
"	aeweek	mammal biodiversity		Fellow (2020-2021)
4)	Dr C. Brooke		bivore use on the Palaeo-Agulhas Plain: the	NRF Innovation Postdoctoral
	DI C. DI OOKE	Eate Ficisiocene nei	with a die on the Falaco Agaillas Flaill. the	milovation i ostaoctoral

		facilitation role of megaherbivores and the implications for the modern rewilding of landscapes	Fellowship (2021-2022)
5)	Dr R. Davies	Assessing the density, distribution and spatiotemporal dynamics of small carnivores across African conservation landscapes	NMU Post-Doctoral Research Fellow (2022-2023)
6)	Dr Chad Keates	Genetic study on herpetological samples from Angola in association with Werner Conradie, PE Museum.	NMU Post-Doctoral Researcher (2022)
7)	Dr L Thel	A Game of Thrones: Rivals, territories and resources. What are the intrinsic costs to African lions contained in small, fenced parks?	FBIP-NRF Post-Doctoral Researcher (2023-2024) NMU Post-Doctoral Research Fellow (2025-2026)

#### 6. Experience in Teaching & Learning

Teaching experience	Teaching experience			
Time period	Institution	Module or Course Information		
2015-current	Nelson Mandela University	I teach Animal Studies I/Game Health I & Animal Studies III/Game Science III to undergraduates (Diploma in Nature Conservation and Diploma in Game Ranch Management), Conservation Management and Plant Studies IV (BTech Nature Conservation), Game Science IV/Animal Studies IV (Advanced Diploma in Game Ranch Management & Advanced Diploma Nature Conservation), Conservation Management (BSc Hons Natural Resource Management).		
2022 (April-May)	Swedish University of Agricultural Sciences	Visiting lecturer at the Department Wildlife, Fish and Environmental Studies, Umea. Course work Masters degree, International Wildlife Management Module. Sweden-South Africa Erasmus ICM exchange program on wildlife ecology and management		
2010-2018	Pennsylvania State University/University of Cape Town	Assisted in setting up and hosting a study abroad program called People and Parks South Africa ( <a href="http://aeseda.psu.edu/programs/parks-and-people-south-africa/">http://aeseda.psu.edu/programs/parks-and-people-south-africa/</a> ). The students spend 10 weeks in South Africa (January-March) on an annual basis. I was one of the South African field lecturers for the program and presented practical biodiversity surveys (where we physically conducted biodiversity inventory surveys on various protected areas) and since 2013 an introductory course to conservation in South Africa. This course (2 weeks) introduced students to South African ecological and biodiversity features as well as various protected area management models while traveling from Cape Town to their base (Wild Coast, Eastern Cape).		
2005	University of Limpopo	Taught GIS to 1st and 2nd year student lecturer at the Department of Geogra		
<b>Curriculum Develop</b>	ment & Review			
2019	Nelson Mandela University	Development of the new Advanced Diploma: Nature Conservation	Team leader of course development team	
2018-2019	Nelson Mandela University	Development of the new BSc Honours: Natural Resource Management	Team member of the course development team	
2020	University of South Africa	Review of the Postgraduate Diploma: Nature Conservation	Chairman of the external review committee	
2020	Southern African Wildlife College	Review of a new Diploma: Applied Natural Resource Management	External reviewer	

#### 7. Professional membership and service

Association	Details	Time period
South African Wildlife Management Association	Ordinary member (Council member 2008-	1998-Current date
	2010; 2018-2023)	
Zoological Society of Southern Africa	Ordinary member	2009-2023
IUCN Crocodile Specialist Group	Ordinary member	2013-2025
Mammal Research Institute, University of Pretoria	Research Associate	2013-Current date

Centre for Coastal Palaeo Science, NMU	Honorary Researcher	2016-Current date
South African Council for Natural Scientific Professions	Professional Natural Scientist – Ecological Sciences: Registration Number. 400111/14	2014-Current date
	†	2000
Associated Private Nature Reserves Ecological	Committee member	2022 – Current date
Advisory Committee		
Welgevonden Game Reserve Scientific Advisory	Committee member	2018-Current date
Committee		
BirdLife South Africa and Endangered Wildlife Trust -	Specialist advisor	2019-2021
Birds and Renewable Energy Specialist Group	·	
SEA REDZs Vulture Working Group	Specialist	2024-Current date
REHABS International Research Laboratory, CNRS-	Deputy Director	2019-Current date
Université Lyon 1-Nelson Mandela University, George		
Campus		
Society for Conservation Biology	Professional Member	2020-Current date
Centre for African Conservation Ecology, Nelson	Member	2022-Current date
Mandela University		

#### 8. Other courses and qualifications

List of qualifications obtained	List of courses completed
Professional Hunter;	Statistical Techniques in Ecology, Snake ID & Snakebite
Category C Skippers License;	Treatment; Advanced Snake Handling; Conservation Planning;
Marine VHF Radio Operator;	Practical Remote Sensing for Conservation Biologists;
NAUI Open Water 1 SCUBA Diver	Ecological Niche Modelling; Landscape genetic approaches for
	Conservation Biologists; Resource evaluation and game ranch
	management for sustainable game production and
	conservation; Disease Risk Assessment; Game counting
	techniques; Wildlife handling and welfare; Maintenance of
	outboard motors and handling of boats on inland waters;
	Various ArcView, ArcGIS courses; Quantum GIS Various
	Windows Software courses; Financial management systems;
	Peace officer; Problem animal control.

#### 9. Referees

#### **Prof. Herbert Prins**

Full Professor & Former Chairman of the Graduate School Production Ecology Resource Ecology Group, Wageningen University <u>Herbert.Prins@wur.nl</u>

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#### **Prof. Rob Slotow**

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Tel: +27(31) 2602798 Cell: +27(83) 6817136

#### **Prof. Michael Somers**

Professor

Mammal Research Institute, University of Pretoria

Michael.Somers@up.ac.za Cell: +27(72) 1007022



# herewith certifies that Jan Adriaan Venter

Registration Number: 400111/14

is a registered scientist

in terms of section 20(3) of the Natural Scientific Professions Act, 2003
(Act 27 of 2003)
in the following field(s) of practice (Schedule 1 of the Act)

Ecological Science (Professional Natural Scientist)

Effective 12 March 2014

Expires 31 March 2026





Chairperson

Lesus

Chief Executive Officer

